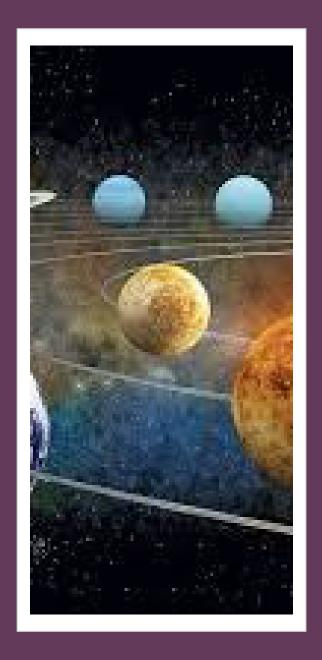
## Thurs, March 28, 2019

Pick up: Cornell notes

Today you will: Notes on Space Exploration & Florida

HOMEWORK: Finish timeline & study for quiz



# Space Exploration Past, Present, Future



# Space Exploration The Big Picture

- •Space exploration is still in infancy. Although we have learned a lot, we still have a lot of questions.
- •The cost of space exploration mandates that we work together with other countries.

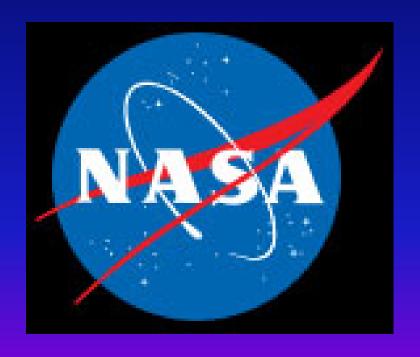
Example: International Space Station (ISS)

## NASA

National Aeronautics and Space Administration

#### **Accomplishments:**

- •First to land someone on the moon
- Invented the space shuttle
- Developed many products for space that we now use as everyday products (Spin offs)



Example: Velcro

## We Are Curious

...and so we study space.
Things that we need to know about space exploration include:

- Rockets
- Artificial satellites
- Space probes
- Space stations
- Space shuttles
- Remote sensoring devices
- Space suits

- •Radar
- Computers
- •Fuel sources
- Landing modules
- Materials that can survive heat and pressure
- Solar panels
- Living quarters
- Biomedical equipment
- Air purification devices
- Telescopes
- And many more...

## Space Exploration History



•The space age began on October 4, 1957, when the Soviet Union launched Sputnik, the first artificial satellite to orbit Earth.

•The Soviets also achieved the first piloted space flight on April 12, 1961.

•The first cosmonaut was Yuri Gagarin. He orbited Earth in a ship named Vostok.

### Let's Go to the Moon



- •Apollo 8 orbited the moon 10 times and returned to Earth safely on December 21, 1968
- •Neil Armstrong and Buzz Aldrin landed Apollo 11 on the moon on July 20, 1969.
- •Neil Armstrong was the first person to set foot on the moon.
- •The laptops in our classroom are more powerful than the computers used to run the Apollo program!

## **Space Shuttles**

- •A space shuttle is a reusable space craft.
- •First used in 1981.
- •Able to land on an ordinary airfield.
- •Two shuttle tragedies in 1986 and 2003.
- •Shuttles replaced the previous method of space flight Rockets and capsules.



## The Space Race and Cold War



Khrushchev & Kennedy

- •Our ability to achieve our space goals became an indicator of our status as a great nation, and the Soviets were our top competitors.
- •This occurred during a time in our history known as the Cold War.
- •This was a time when our relationship with the Soviets was, well, cold.
- •The intense rivalry between our two countries led us to some amazing accomplishments.

### Probes Vs. Human Pilots

 Probes can make space flight cheaper, safer, and faster.

•Human pilots can make decisions when things don't

go as planned.



#### The Future

- Exploration at greater distances
- Extended stays
- •Humans need to be ready and educated for the space travel of the future



#### Some Difficulties Include

- Radiation exposure
- •Lunar dust
- Food and Nutrition
- Exercise
- •Differing levels of pressure, atmosphere composition, and gravity
- Sleep loss
- Risk of bone fracture
- Reduced muscle mass
- Reduced aerobic capacity
- •Mental disorders arising from extreme, confined, and isolated conditions

#### A History of Space

#### What is NASA's history?

- The National Aeronautics and Space Administration, or NASA, was formed in 1958.
- A launch is the process of setting a rocket or spacecraft in motion.
- Projects for launching to the moon included project Mercury, project Gemini, and the Apollo program.

#### What is NASA's history?

- Skylab and the International Space Station were a result of work at NASA.
- NASA also launches probes and satellites to other planets.
- Rovers such as the Sojourner, Spirit, and Opportunity have explored Mars.

#### Cape Space

#### What are the NASA sites in Florida?

- The first NASA space operations were carried out at the Cape Canaveral Air Force Station, east of Orlando.
- In 1962, NASA established the Kennedy Space Center on Merritt Island near Cape Canaveral.



#### Why launch from Cape Canaveral?

- NASA chose Florida as a launch center because it is close to the equator.
- A rocket launched near the equator needs less fuel to reach orbit.
- Eastward launches over open water provide a safe place for booster rockets and fuel tanks to fall.

#### An Economy of Space How does the space program affect Florida's economy?

- Tourism is increased by space-related activities in Florida, adding money to the Florida economy.
- Revenue for Florida is increased by employees and tourists that spend money at local businesses.

## How does the space program affect Florida's economy?

- Private firms and the military rent and use NASA facilities for other types of launches.
- Launches of satellites encourage private industry.
- NASA and related aerospace firms provide thousands of jobs for people.

#### What is a spin-off?

- A spin-off is a product that uses NASA technology and benefits the public.
- Aerogels for insulation, imaging devices in cameras, and thermal blankets all began with NASA technology.

## Research a Spinoff

 You have 5 minutes to create a list of NASA spin-offs with your partner.

## Did you find....

- Cordless tools?
- Bar code?
- Ear thermometer?
- Smoke detector?
- MRI or CAT scans?
- Cold Weather Gloves/ thermal boots?
- Invisible braces?

#### Living Together

- The Kennedy Space Center shares its site with the Merritt Island National Wildlife Refuge.
- Endangered species are protected because of restricted human access to the site.
- Species at the refuge include the West Indian manatee and five species of sea turtles.

## On Solid Ground in Florida How has the space program affected Florida's culture?

- Many high-tech industries have developed in Florida.
- Workers are drawn to Florida for new opportunities in aerospace careers.
- There is more emphasis on science and mathematics in Florida's schools.